

5. Find the following limits. Show your work.

a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 5^+} \frac{3x-5}{5-x}$

b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{3}{(x-2)^2} = DNE$ Because it goes to

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} \frac{3}{(x-2)^2} = \frac{3}{(-RSN)^2} = \frac{3}{+RSN} = +\infty$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} \frac{3}{(x-2)^2} = \frac{3}{(RSN)^2} = \frac{3}{RSN} = +\infty$

c) $f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 3x - 4}{x^2 - 16} = \frac{(x-4)(x+1)}{(x-4)(x+4)}$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{(x-4)(x+1)}{(x-4)(x+4)} = \frac{5}{8}$ Not continuous (hole) "Removable"

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{(x-4)(x+1)}{(x+4)(x+4)} = \frac{-3}{\pm RSN} = \pm \infty = DNE$

Vertical asymptote

at $x = -4$

End behavior

1. $f(x) = \frac{2x-1}{4x^2-3} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2x-1}{4x^2-3} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2x}{4x^2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{2x} = \frac{1}{RSN} = 0$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{2x-1}{4x^2-3} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{2x}{4x^2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{1}{2x} = \frac{1}{-RSN} = 0$

2. $g(x) = \frac{4x^2-3}{2x-1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4x^2-3}{2x-1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4x^2}{2x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2x}{1} = RSN = \infty$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{4x^2-3}{2x-1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{4x^2}{2x} = \frac{-RSN}{1} = -\infty$

3. $h(x) = \frac{4x^2-2x}{4x^2+1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4x^2-2x}{4x^2+1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4x^2}{4x^2} = 1$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{4x^2-2x}{4x^2+1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{4x^2}{4x^2} = 1$

$$f(x) = \frac{4x^2}{x^2 + 1}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4x^2}{x^2 + 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4x^2}{x^2} = 4$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{4x^2}{x^2 + 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{4x^2}{x^2} = 4$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4x^7 - 6,000,000,000x^6 - 5}{8x^4 - 12x^6 + 40x^7 - 60000}$$

degree = 7

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4x^7}{40x^7} = \frac{1}{10}$$

degree = 7

b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} e^x - 2x$

$$e^{-\infty} - 2(-\infty)$$

$$\frac{1}{e^{\infty}} + 2 \cdot \infty$$

$$0 + 2 \cdot \infty = \infty$$

c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{5 + 2^x}{2 - 2^x} = \frac{5 + 2^{\infty}}{2 - 2^{\infty}} = \frac{2^{\infty}}{-2^{\infty}} = \frac{1}{-1} = -1$

d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{5 + 2^x}{2 - 2^x}$

$$2^{-\infty} = \frac{1}{2^{\infty}} = \frac{1}{\text{RBN}} = 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{5 + 2^x}{2 - 2^x} = \frac{5 + 0}{2 - 0} = \frac{5}{2} = 2\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{5x^4 + 8x^2}{3x^4 - 16x^2} \text{ is}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^2(5x^2 + 8)}{x^2(3x^2 - 16)} = \frac{5 \cdot \text{RSN} + 8}{3 \cdot \text{RSN} - 16} = \frac{0 + 8}{0 - 16} = \frac{8}{-16} = -\frac{1}{2}$$